

A Real-World Case Study: Consulting Phreeli On Unlinkable Linkable Identifiers

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Real-World Case Study: Unlinkable Linkable Identifiers



Real-World Case Study: Phreeli

Phreeli is a phone service provider. They handle:

- eSIMs
- physical SIMs
- phone numbers
- etc.

But: They want their own customers to be as private as possible, **even from Phreeli itself.**



Not like the usual phone service provider!
(Picture generated by Claude)

Sharpening the Client's Objective

Product language

"Don't track users."

"Support enforcement."

"Detect repeats."

"We want anonymous mapping."

"Or a blinded associative store?"

sharpening
work

Example questions
to understand security guarantees

Users should be unlinkable to whom?

Over what time window?

Equality testing? Frequencies?

How to combine cryptogr. primitives?

Auditability constraints?

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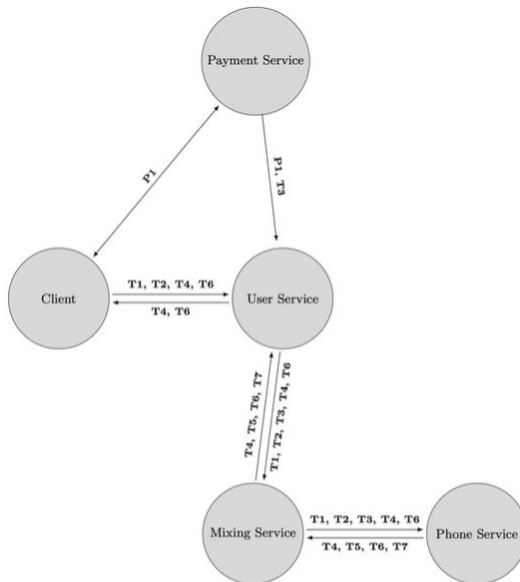


Figure 2: Simple Transactions Flow

Design and Engineering Concerns

Cryptographic primitives
(Example list)

Fully-homomorphic
encryption

Multi-party computation
techniques

Matchmaking encryption

Zero-knowledge proofs of all
kinds

Anonymous credentials,
tokens, blind signatures

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Select/combine cryptographic
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... the client's main extracted
security guarantees:

- Unlinkability of user ID and phone ID
- Abuse detection
- Chargeback possibility

... the client's **constraints:**

- Minimal engineering difficulty
- Minimal inter-server dependency

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Security engineering factors
(Example list)

Timing attacks

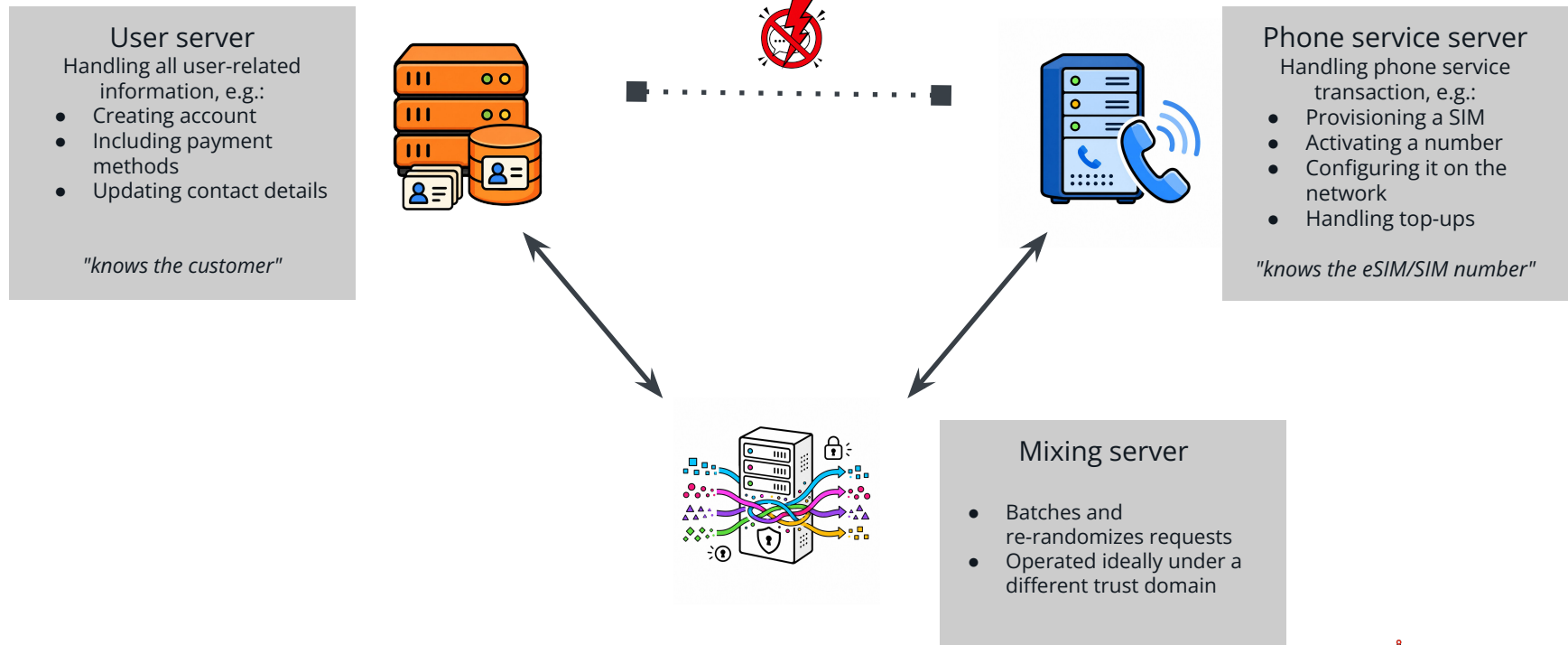
Key custody

Rate limits

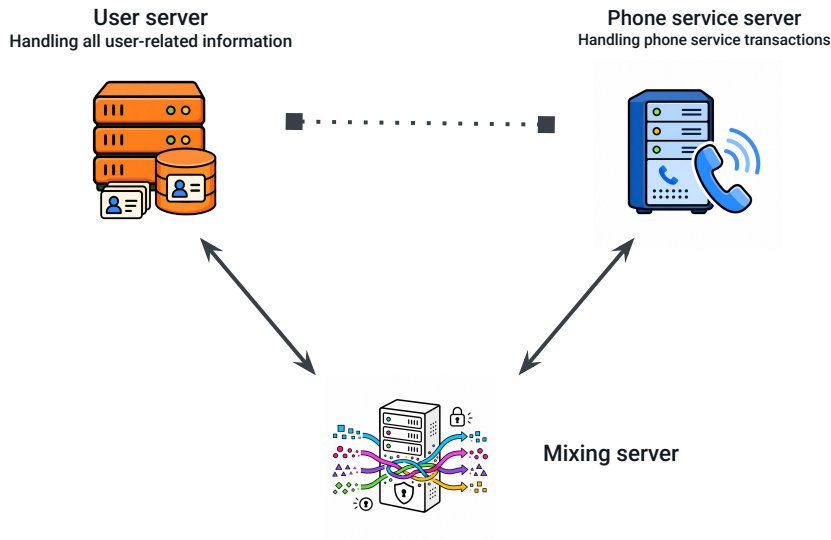
Metadata

Monitoring

The Architecture We Landed On



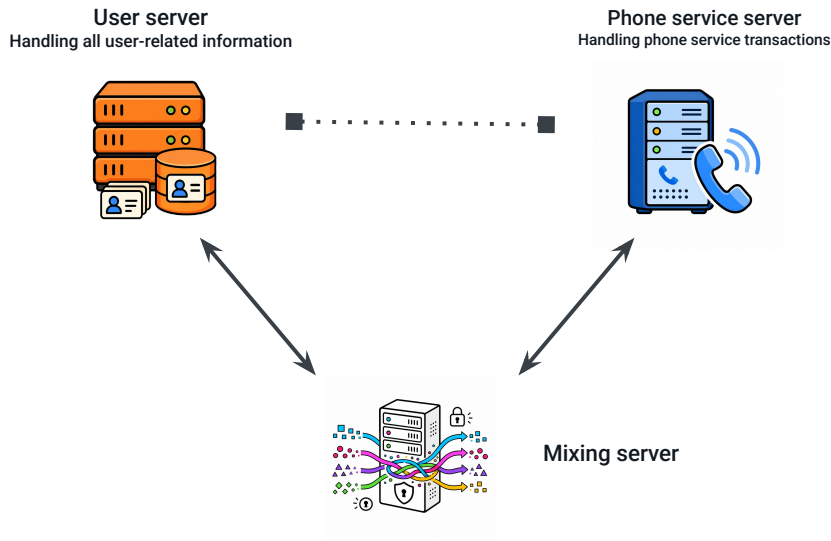
One Step towards a Solution



Two main security/privacy properties that capture Phreeli's requirements:

- User authentication:
- User ID to Phone ID unlinkability:

One Step towards a Solution



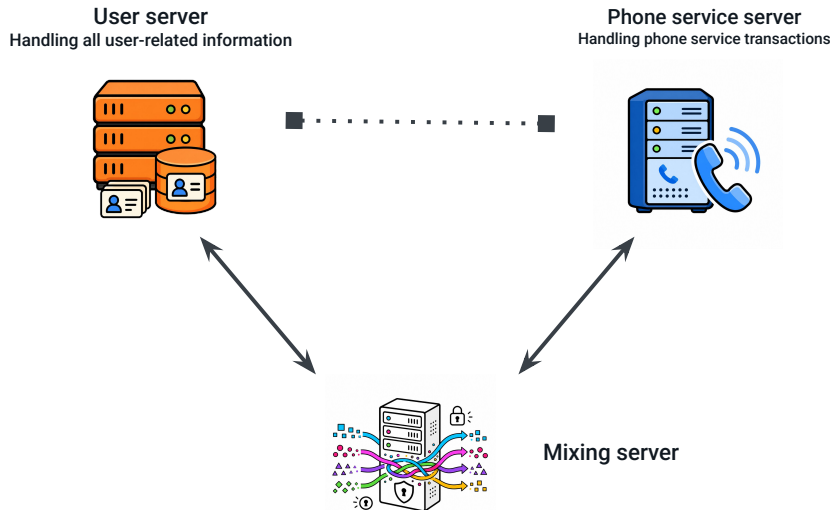
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- Anonymous token-based authentication:

Privacy Pass

- User ID to Phone ID unlinkability:

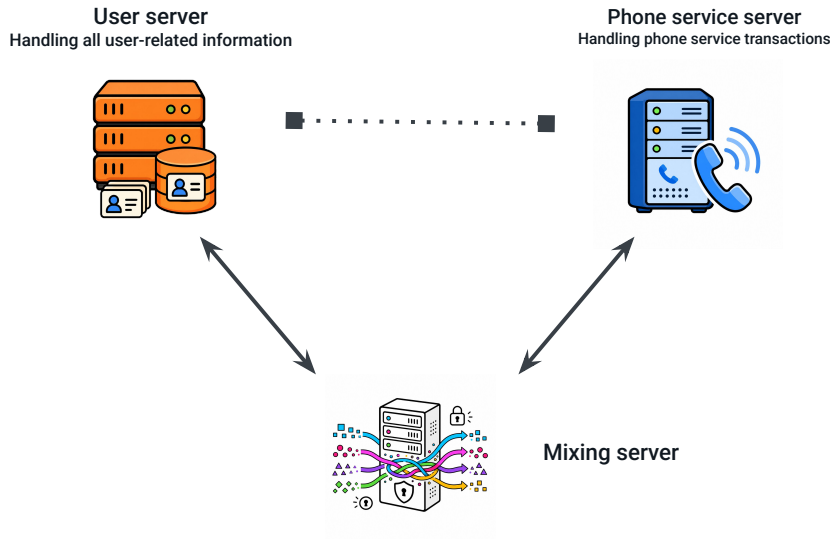
One Step towards a Solution



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(Trusted) Mix service

One Step towards a Solution



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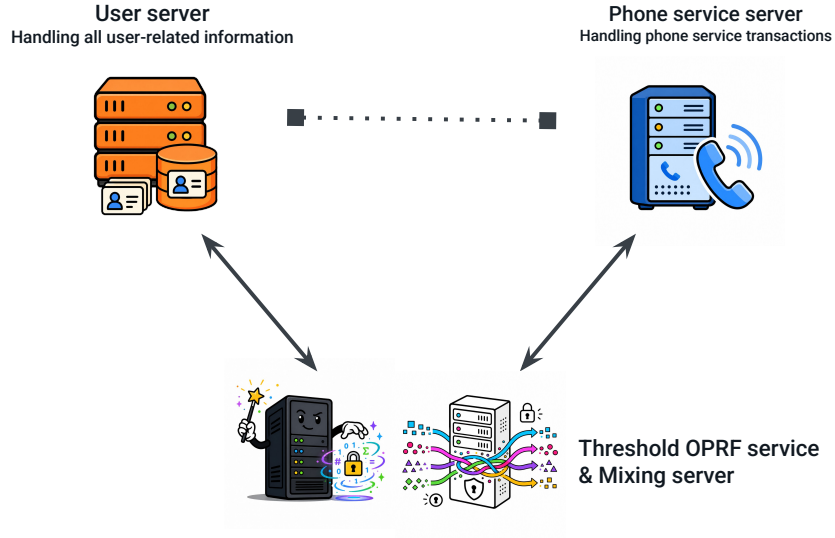
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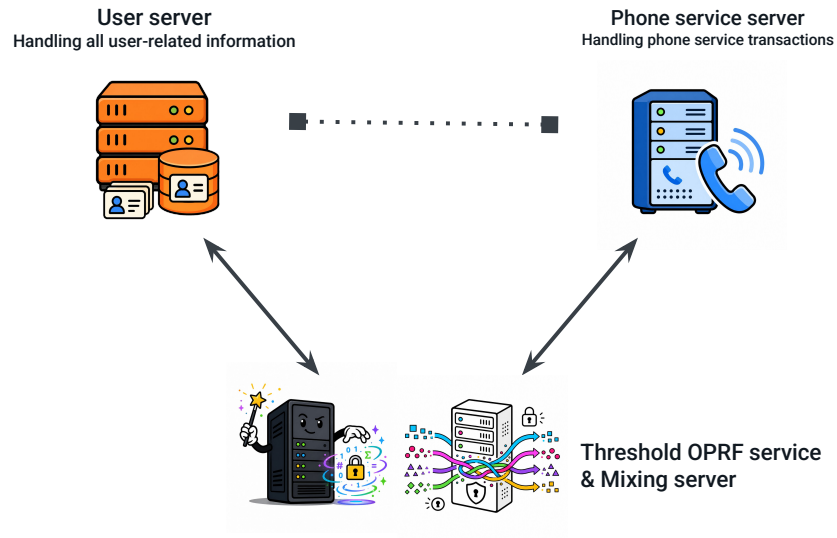
Towards a Better Solution



User ID to Phone ID unlinkability:

- Threshold Oblivious PRF
- Hybrid PKE

Threshold OPRF + HPKE: Overview



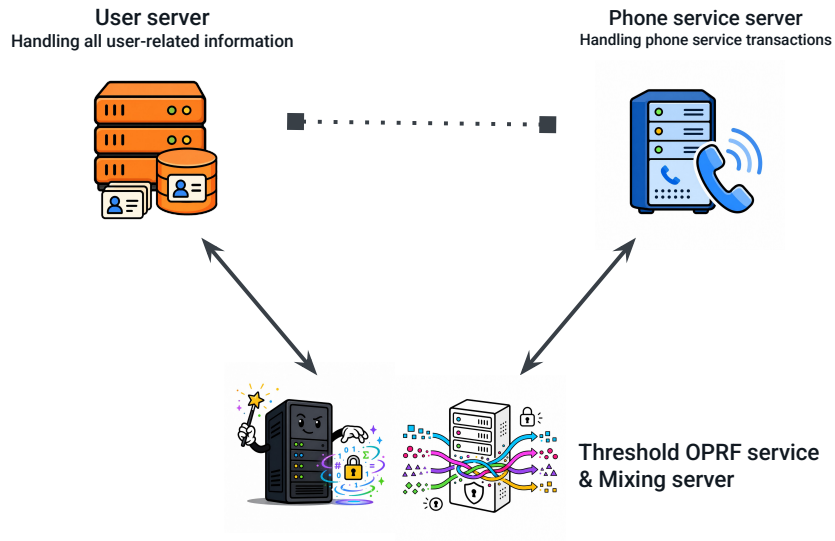
User ID to Phone ID mapping:

- Mapping creation: $\langle val1, val2 \rangle$
 - $u = \text{Hash}(\text{user_ID} || n)$
 - $v = \text{TOPRF}(u)$
 - $val1 = \text{Hash}(v)$
 - $val2 = \text{Enc}(\text{phone_ID})$
- Store $\langle val1, val2 \rangle$ in Mix service
- Mapping lookup (similar flow)

Phone ID to User ID mapping:

- flow in the opposite direction

Why does this work?



- **Threshold** property of TOPRF
 - Servers shared among LA + Phreeli
- **Pseudorandomness** of the TOPRF output
- **Obliviousness** of the TOPRF input

Conclusion

- Further improvement possibilities:
 - User service - Phone service collusion
 - Support encrypted payloads
 - Post-quantum security
- Reference for our TOPRF solution:
 - *Stanislaw Jarecki, Aggelos Kiayias, Hugo Krawczyk, Jiayu Xu:*
TOPPSS: Cost-Minimal Password-Protected Secret Sharing Based on Threshold OPRF.
ACNS 2017

Thank you for listening!



Please contact us if you have more questions!

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